Research Paper

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STRATEGY, INTENSITY AND STRUCTURE OF GEOGRAPHICAL, SOCIAL CHANGES IN CURRENT SCENARIO

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ABSTRACT

Social changes are the part of life. Every time there are the social changes in society. Social changes have different directions and attitude along with specific effects. Sometimes social changes are towards developmental side and sometimes it's on opposite side.

Common expectation of social changes is to be upward direction and useful to social progress. In current scenario, urbanization, globalization and modernization process are responsible and related to social changes in society. Change is a process. Change denotes any alternation, difference or modification that takes place in a situation or in any object through time. It is the universal law of nature. It refers to the difference that exists between the past and the present situation. Change is a continues process, No society remains completely static and without change. Geographical changes are directly involve in social changes. Even both are the two sides of same coin.

KEY WORDS-*Effects, changes, scenario, society, rules etc*

INTRODUCTION

Change is the law of nature which follows the universal truth. Societical changes are the changing structure and construction of society. Social change is the time related process which binds to each and every individual in society.

Social change refers to an alteration in the social order of the society. Social is a relative process in which social status and role modified as per natural phenomena.

Change comes from two sources. One source is random or unique factors such as climate, weather, or the presence of specific groups of people. Another source is systematic factors. For example successful development has the same general requirements, such as a stable and flexible government, enough free and available resources, and a diverse social organization of society. So, on the whole, social change is usually a combination of systematic factors along with some random or unique factors.

In this article tries to include causes, effects and current trend in the society.

STAGES OF SOCIAL CHANGE AND GEOGRAPHICAL CHANGES

1. Innovation –Creations of new ideas is a main aim of this process. The changes related to science and technology accommodate in the range of innovation,

2. Diffusion-Whenever social changes occur, it spreading in all direction and effects on society. Transformation, circulation and carry forward of knowledge is the part of diffusion process.

3. Evolution - It is a develop gradually, hunting, food, collection, patrol and agriculture related process.

4. Acceleration-The definition of acceleration is the rate of change of velocity. In developmental process, acceleration helps to stimulate the

speed of contents which related to social change.

5. Revolution- Sudden changes accommodate in revaluation stage of social change. World is a history of social change. Frequently and recurrently social changes accrue in the society.

SOCIO—ECONOMIC CHANGES

It is argued that industrialization can alter the present

economic and social structures of UDCs. As more goods and services become available to the people. The values of the society will change. The urbanization will increase leading to reduce illiteracy and lethargic attitudes. The opportunity cost of time will increase. The rural set—up dominated by feudalism will come to an end. The standard of living of rural and urban population will improve. The distribution of income will become fairer.

There are so many advocates of 'Big Push' theory who have actually stressed upon the need for industrialization on the strength of dynamic externalities

Factors of social change:-

1. Geographical-This is a main factor responsible for social change. This process includes the social changes everywhere in society. Natural resources, calamities are also the part of geographical social changes.
2. Demographic-The changes related to population called as demographic changes. Population explosion, high density of population and problems rise due to the over population are the nothing but social changes.
3. Biological-These changes occur naturally and gradually in the human being. Physical changes, maturity etc covered in biological changes.
4. Economical-Now a day's economic matter plays an important role in social changes. Even social status is depending on the economic factor.
5. Cultral-As per the situation, cultural trend accept new scope and activities.
6. Technogical-Science and technology are the mainly responsible factors of social change in current scenario.
7. Planning-Various schemes and planning's effects on the social speed and as per that social change accept the field.

8. Legislation-Newly modified rules and regulations and specific norms try to change the social system.
9. Psychological-Human attitude, psychology, thinking play an important role in development. Positive and advance thinking are essential for expected changes.
10. Invention-Various discoveries, research and curriculum activates are the part of invention.

Types of social changes:-

1. Process
2. Evolution
3. Growth
4. Progress
5. Reform
6. Revolution

Some significance area of social change:-

1. Change position of backward class-In current scenario, SC, ST, OBC and other backward casts getting the chance to participate in social developmental areas. Reservation, educational facilities and basic arrangement provided by government placed good position in the society.
2. Change in the position of Indian woman-An ancient time, the position of women was very neglect able but due to women empowerment and other effects brought expected changes in the society about women.
3. Change in family structure-In the modern age joint family converting into nuclear family. These familiar changes show the scope of social change.
4. 4.Chage in cast system-Now days to obey the cast related mentality is outdated but it had a great impact in society.
5. Change in position of labour- Labours and unorganized workers are getting the benefits from workers legislation.
6. Different educational facilities-Education is a tool of development in current scenario. Therefore all efforts have been given to develop the education standard and status.
7. Urbanziation and social mobility-Both the factors are useful to signified changes in society as per the current situation.
8. Expansion of mass media ex. Newspaper, TV, radio-Media is a fourth pillar of democracy.

9. Equality, nation integration and secularism-Social changes are also useful in to maintain the national integration and nation development.

10. Effect of rural society-Due to the social changes, various effects are noticeable and observed in Indian rural society.

Obstacle in social change:-

1. Traditional mentality- Most of the Indians have old mentality and due to that they are not easily acceptable to new changes in society.

2. Illiteracy-Total 65% illiterate people are living in India. It's very difficult to accept new changes and implement it for development.

3. Bad habit-Addiction of narcotics, liquor is a main problem in Indian society. Complexity of society has been see everywhere which is main hurdle in progress.

4. Opposition of new invention-Due to some complications and complex, opposition has been taking place in society. Basically opposition held up the hurdle in development.

5. Doubts-To taking doubts is a common phenomenon which is a obstacle in development process.

6. Personal selfishness-For own benefits rather than cumulative purpose hamper on progress related issue.

7. Politics with corruption-Failure of government and administration mechanism decrees the speed of social change. Therefore it's a need of time to improve the government regarding issues.

CONCLUSION

Social change an important phenomena in the universe. For geographical changes, today plenty of causes are responsible. Demographic changes is a also the main aspect in this process. It's mandatory to each and every individual on earth. Social change is the symbol of social development and progress. Therefore social and geographical changes play an important role in all fields. Vision 2020 is ambitious mission of India to become super power. However India faces hurdles of inadequate infrastructure, high unemployment, rising inflation rate, deterring cultural/social remedies can be overcome. Geographical and social changes are the main concern of development. We strongly believe that soon India would become developed and emerge as a superpower. We have 65% young workforce so anyways we will rule the world given that we walk the path of development.

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