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Research Paper

WOMEN PARTICIPATION IN LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS-A SOCIOLOGICAL STUDY AND PERSPECTIVES

Dr.A.D.Chauhan¹

¹Associate Professor & Head, Dept. of Sociology, Vidya Bharati Arts, Commerce College, Amravati, Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

After British, we got a chance to do the development of our nation. For real development of nation, there is a need to develop rural society. Government of India has framed Balwant Rai Mehta Committee to execute and implement the various schemes and plans through cumulative development program and national welfare extension plan.

This committee has suggested the three tier panchayat raj system i.e. Zilha Parishad, Panchayat Samitee and Gram Panchayat. This committee has suggested the Panchayat Raj system for complete and overall development of rural society. Therefore Balwant Rai committee is known as centralization of power. Through this committee, politicians could get developmental authority and power.

KEYWORDS: Gram Panchayat, Panchayat samitee, Zilha Parishad

PANCHAYAT RAJ

Panchayat Raj system is three tier system-

1. Gram panchayat -village level.
2. Panchayat samitee – Block level.
3. Zilha Parishad – District level.

The main aim of this committee is to participate local people in government.

WOMEN RESERVATION

Women Reservation is an important issue in current scenario. Today women got legislative and constitutional authority of equality and freedom. Still, women couldn't get the chance to participate in politics on the basis of fifty percent population. Through conferences, seminars awareness about women empowerment, development spread but the raising voice of women close down by male dominant society. There is a need of active and positive participation of women to get them chance in politics. Due to this effect women got chance of 33% reservation in various field.

PANCHAYAT RAJ SYSTEM AND WOMEN RESERVATION

Women got constitutional authority since independence to 1991 but expected result could not get to women. As per the 13th amendment in 1992, panchayat raj election has been declared after 5 year. On this basis of this decision, women got 30% reservation in three levels. Special posts reserve for women in local self government organizations. This decision is helpful to improve the status of women and to boost their confidence.

Kautilya had propagated the women authority. Women fought in many countries about their rights. Long struggle in England, 1998 women got authority of voting and France got in the year 1928 as well as USA in 1944. 'Challenges of women change' book written by Shubhangi Gogate, Ghovtane expressed factual and logical discussion on women problems. Manjusha Gosavi also wrote on quantities and numeric analysis of women.



'Changing status of women' written by Rajiv Kumar covered the overall situation of women from ancient time to modern time. Therefore this research is important for the women participation in Panchayat Raj system of India.

Constitution has awarded many protective and equally rights to women after independence. Awareness about authority, responsibility and use is important in Panchayat Raj. Women's changes become slow in male dominance society. This topic has been selected for research to understanding the role, efforts of women in Panchayat Raj system.



Points need to understand for women development-

- 1) To take the review of women status in post independence age
- 2) To understand the secondary place of women in politics due to the dominant attitude of men.
- 3) To identify the various problems of women in Indian politics.
- 4) To understand the women empowerment through women movements.
- 5) To know the causes behind the avoidance of clearance the bills and acts about 33% research of women in politics.
- 6) To do the study of status of women with respect to current scenario.
- 7) To understand the perspective of male women through the participation of women in politics.
- 8) To identify and understand the status of women of Wardha district in Panchayat Raj system.

OVERLOOK OF INDIAN SOCIETY REGARDING PARTICIPATION OF WOMEN IN POLITICS

- 1) In male dominant society, male oppose and restrict to women to take part in politics, therefore the number of women in politics is less.
- 2) Women have more problem than men therefore women hesitate to take part into politics.

- 3) Sometimes women is not interested to take part in politics and she prefer the safe life in society.
- 4) Behind many success women, there are the men.
- 5) Duo to complexity of Indian society, women cannot freely movable in politics.
- 6) Men are the main hidden enemies in women reservation bill, therefore this bill yet to be finalized in India.

Overall information about politic has been found at some places on rules and regulations, importance of politics in panchayat raj system, Men were more aware than women about panchayat raj system. The classes should conduct for awareness among the women. After that women can run positive the panchayat raj system i.s. local self government organizations.

To provide the reservation to women in panchayat raj system is the fulfillment of political empowerment with women empowerment in India.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

- 1) There is a need of time to provide the training to women regarding panchayat raj system. Therefore government should start the classes for women.
- 2) Along with political sources, public administration also should teach to students for detail knowledge of local self government organizations.
- 3) Only reservation is not alternate solution but the gravity of knowledge is always greater to boost the confidence of women for active participation in panchayat raj system.
- 4) There is a need to aware the women about women power, capacity, ability, and problem solving methods.
- 5) Women should get the knowledge of women reservation, benefits of reservation, and rules of reservation, delay in reservation, obstacles in the progress of women's authority.
- 6) Strict application of legal provisions.
- 7) Role of women empowerment and development.
- 8) Awareness among the women
- 9). Curbing quackery, sensitization of doctors, NGOS, govt. machinery, panchayat leaders.

CONCLUSION

Strictly implementation, creation and support of legislative, judiciary will be beneficial to sort out the women related problems in India. Stop the women exploitation, rape sexually harassment, acid throwing, domestic violence, child marriages and female foeticide with proper instruments and control on these problems.

Various issues like women health, education, sports, schemes, equal sex ratio, entertainment, basic facilities, freedom, protection, sanitation arrangement should provide to women. Then definitely we can develop the healthy India. There is a need of time to frame the women empowerment program me at all levels. The great contribution expect from advocacy groups, policymakers, social researchers, health workers, social thinkers and sociologist for the women empowerment.

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